

Mid-Term Presentation 15 / 16 March 2022

Deriving and Simulating Scenarios

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Deriving and Simulating Scenarios





Advanced Scenario Engine - Overview





Advanced Scenario Engine – Attributes and Parameters





Scenario and General Descriptive Entity Attributes





General Descriptive Entity Attributes (GDEA)

- Represents Ground Truth
- Add Semantics
 - Relative to ego vehicle path
 - Translate Trajectory to Lane Coordinates
 - Only abstract Topography
- Positioning
 - Allocation to Lane
 - Distance on Lane → Frenet Coordinates (as in RSS)
- Trajectories
 - Summary Statistics
 - Min/max/mean/std of Velocity and Acceleration
 - Anything else through TSE-Storyboard

Enables Efficient Understandable Search In Database





General Descriptive Entity Attributes (GDEA)





- Lane-Change / Intersection Entering
- Overtaking / Passing
- Occlusion
- Direction Change / Standstill
- Traffic Light / Sign change
- Weather
- V2X Update

Lane-bound overlap events

Summary Attributes over whole Scenario



Lane overlap event

Occlusion events

GDEA - Structure





Deriving and Simulating Scenarios





Simulation of Scenarios within the Criticality Analysis



- the criticality analysis as developed and conducted in VVM aims at structuring the complex and open context of the traffic world
 - by eliciting a finite & manageable set of artifacts, namely



- > criticality phenomena
 - phenomena associated with increased criticality
- causal relations
 - plausible explanations of the causality underlying these phenomenal
- abstract scenarios
 - featuring criticality phenomena and their causal relations
- > simulation of traffic scenarios can play a vital role in identifying and analyzing these artifacts, e.g. for
 - > engineering, calibration and comparison of criticality metrics
 - plausibilization of causal relations
 - including quantification of effect sizes

Plausibilization of Causal Relations of Occlusion using Simulation





causal graphs are used to model the **assumptions** about the underlying **causal relations** of criticality phenomena

simulation task: generate evidences for the causal relations of "occlusion"

approach: execute sufficiently many simulation runs

- using stochastic variation of adjustment variables (orange)
- evaluate criticality metrics (blue)



Figure: causal graph for evaluating the causal effect of "occlusion" on the criticality metric $a_{req,cond}(ego)$.

openPASS – Platform Concept





Simulation Setup with openPASS





Developments in VVM

VERIFICATION VALIDATION METHODS

Implementation of a **bicycle model** with stochastic behavior. Either the cyclist pushes or rides the bicycle over the pedestrian crossing.



Interpretation of pedestrian crossing from OpenDRIVE.

 \mathbf{s}_{0}

Import of traffic lights from OpenDRIVE and OpenSCENARIO and its transformation into OSI format.

Status quo: Parameter Variation within openPASS





Video 1: descending bicyclist crosses the pedestrian crossing

Video 2: bicyclist crosses the pedestrian crossing

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Summary



Messages "Data":

- > The creation of a scenario database is key for deriving appropriate test cases
- GDEA providing efficient scenario search
- The Scenario Database as a tool to generate logical scenarios and create testable OpenX simulation instructions

Messages Simulation:

- Simulation is used as an evidence generating method
- Usage of virtual methods to plausible the causal relations of "occlusion"
- Open source approach via demonstration of openPASS
- > Adaptations in the simulation environment are necessary to cope with the simulation task



Thank you!

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